



HALAL WATCH WORLD

THE GOLD STANDARD



DOCUMENT SUBMISSION REPORT

Mora Cosmetics

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COMPANY BACKGROUND

Halal Watch World LLC is a halal certification limited liability corporation based in the state of New York, and has operated in the certification industry since 1990. HWW is an organization that stands upon the trust of the Muslim public, and believes that it is imperative that their trust never be jeopardized. We maintain standards to the highest degree of scrutiny and perform regular audits for the protection of our constituents.

Halal Watch World understands that halal certification is a communal obligation (فرض كفاية), meaning, at least one person of the community must uphold it. If no one takes up this responsibility, the entire community bears a burden of sin. Therefore, we must be extra diligent with this effort. We realize the seriousness of the matter and understand the dire consequences of not filling this duty to the fullest capacity. God explains this to us in the Holy Quran by His statement:

“ And say not concerning that which your tongue says falsely: 'This is Halal and this is Haram,' so as to invent lies against Allah. Verily, those who invent lies against Allah will never prosper...A passing brief enjoyment (will be theirs), but they will have a painful torment.”

[Al Quran] 16:116-117

HWW ensures to the best of its ability a high level of authenticity is upheld. This allows them to gain the trust of the Muslim community, and garner strong relationships with companies who produce, process, and distribute halal products at all levels. By this, they are able to offer halal producing company's guidance and consultation on the direction of their processes and products, while ensuring that Islamic dietary standards are always maintained and monitored. Muslims can use this information in order to make well informed decisions about what they choose to eat.

Legal Filings: Halal Watch World holds registered trademark number 4728733, and Department of State (New York) number 4814343. Halal Watch World is also a registered halal certifying organization with The Department of Agriculture and Markets of New York State (See supporting documentation).

We begin in the name of God SWT



CERTIFICATION CONSIDERATIONS

There are 4 main factors taken into consideration when determining the halal status of a product:

1. Is the product/ingredient Halal Aslan (by default)?

If the product is Halal by default, then there will be no ingredient investigation conducted. An audit of the HPF (Halal Product Facility), facility related documents and product identification documentation will however, still be required.

2. Is the product/ingredient Halal certified via another organization?

If another organization certifies the product as Halal, then it is incumbent upon us to perform a *tahqeeq* (verification) certification of the establishment. We must be able to ascertain that the certifying body is competent and capable of determining the status of such products. In the event that we are unable to gain this information, our organization must inspect the location of production before certifying.

3. What is the Risk Assessment of the Facility?

Each HPF (Halal Product Facility) must be assessed and assigned an appropriate level of risk. Each facility is graded according to assessed risk. As risk increases, guidelines, restrictions, and measures become more stringent. Risk is determined according to the products present in the facility, product and process management, and the equipment utilized for processing. Any product/s made with or derived from the items mentioned below would be considered Haram:

1. Human derived ingredients
2. Pork
3. Donkey (excluding the Onager)
4. Animals with fangs or talons (Carnivorous)
(Excluding Hyena and Fox according to school of thought)
5. Animals not slaughtered according to Islamic ritual rites
6. Carrion
7. All forms of filth (Najjis) i.e. Urine, Excrement, Blood, Pus, Vomit, etc
8. Insects (other than locusts)
9. Animals fed with more than 50% of any of the above without being fed on a pure diet for a stipulated number of days (The Jallaalah)
10. Any intoxicants
11. Anything toxic or harmful to the body (such

as cigarettes)

12. Anything processed, made, produced, manufactured, and/or stored using utensils, equipment, and/or machinery in contact with any of the above that have not been cleansed according to standards which remove contaminants.

HiRF: High Risk Facility

Any facility that utilizes item/s listed above or a derivative thereof within the HPF and processes both halal and haram products using indifferent tools, machinery, or utensils. Thus, HiRF's by nature involve contaminants in some way in its processing.

MeRF: Medium Risk Facility

Any facility that processes both halal and haram products using segregated tools, machinery, or utensils to the exclusion of items listed above. Facilities that process any of these items, even if segregation methods are employed, are to be deemed HiRF's.

LoRF: Low Risk Facility

Any facility that does not process haram products on or inside of the premises.

As mentioned earlier, in relation to each risk level there are guidelines, restrictions and measures in place for the avoidance of contamination. Before any facility or any product made in said facility can be considered Halal suitable or certified Halal, these guidelines will have to be strictly adhered to.

Regarding contamination, products cannot be cooked upon or within the same utensils without proper cleansing. This means that any liquid substance that interacts with non-halal products becomes contaminated. This includes oil, and other wet cooking surfaces. Thus, if a vat of oil is used to cook non-halal products (which is considered as filth), it cannot be used to cook Halal products without contaminating it.

4. Are there any contents in the product that contain impermissible ingredients?

We refer to the list of impermissible consumables on the previous pages. If the product under audit is found to contain any of the ingredients on the ban list, these products cannot be considered as halal, unless said ingredients are replaced with halal suitable alternatives.

Client Details: Mora Cosmetics

FACILITY PROFILE

Mora Cosmetics is a halal makeup line that intended for anyone seeking a vegan, clean makeup line that sustainable. Embrace your natural beauty.

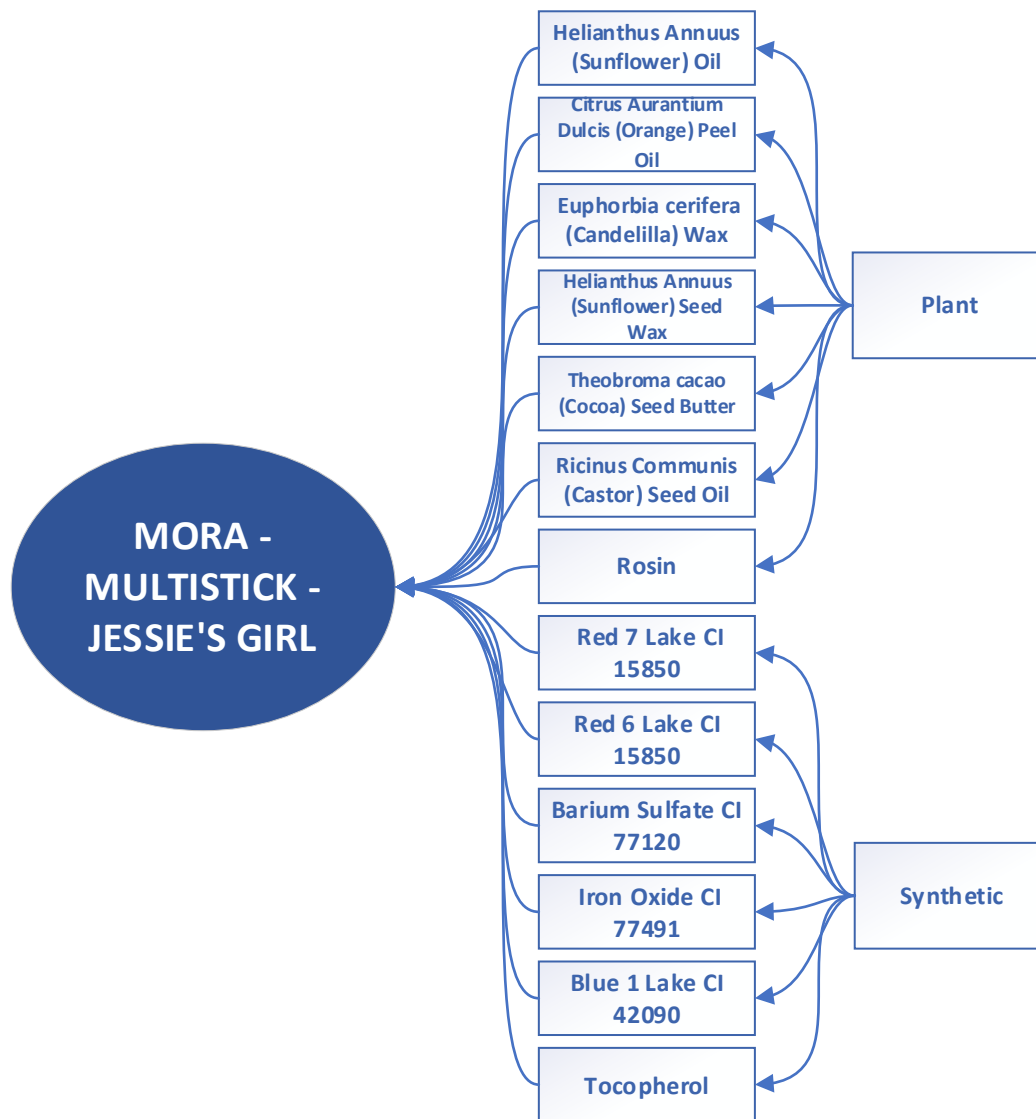
Client Details	
GENERAL INFORMATION	
Product Type:	Cosmetics
Total Number of Products:	7
Total Number of Ingredients:	23
SUPPLIER OVERVIEW	
Supplier1:	AAK
Supplier2:	Brentag
Supplier3:	Omya
Supplier4:	Sentient
Supplier5:	Making Cosmetics
Supplier6:	EMD Performance Materials Corp.
Supplier7:	Jedwards International, Inc.
Supplier8:	Bavago Chemicals
Supplier9:	Strahl & Pitsch

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Product name	Client product #	HWW Product ID
MORA - MULTISTICK - JESSIE'S GIRL	18091/1	MR141_RM535
MORA - MULTISTICK - MONY MONY	N/A	MR141_RM537
MORA - MULTISTICK - RIO	19349/1	MR141_RM705
MORA - MULTISTICK - MINXY	18059/4	MR141_RM706
MORA - MULTISTICK - PINK SANDS	19350/1	MR141_RM707
MORA - MULTISTICK - SAVAGE	18056/5	MR141_RM708
MORA - MULTISTICK - HYPED	N/A	MR141_RM709

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - JESSIE'S GIRL



MORA - MULTISTICK - JESSIE'S GIRL

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

Ingredient Status

Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Sunflower oil is the non-volatile oil pressed from the seeds of the sunflower (Helianthus annuus). Sunflower oil is commonly used in food as a frying oil, and in cosmetic formulations as an emollient.]

Citrus Aurantium Dulcis (Orange) Peel Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Orange peel oil is an amber-coloured essential oil derived from the peel of the orange (Citrus x aurantium).]

Euphorbia cerifera (Candelilla) Wax: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Candelilla wax is a wax derived from the leaves of the small Candelilla shrub native to northern Mexico and the southwestern United States, Euphorbia antisiphilitica, from the family Euphorbiaceae. It is yellowish-brown, hard, brittle, aromatic, and opaque to translucent.]

Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Seed Wax: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Sunflower wax is obtained from the winterization process of sunflower oil. Sunflower wax consists mainly of esters of fatty acids with fatty alcohols and produce a wax with a melting point between 74 and 80°C. The wax has a high oil binding capacity which make it a popular component of cosmetic sticks. In cosmetic creams and lotions sunflower wax provides a non-sticky skin feel and because of the polarity and oil binding properties of the esters, it stabilises water-in-oil emulsions.]

Theobroma Cacao (Cocoa) Seed Butter: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Theobroma Cacao (Cocoa) Seed Butter, also called Cocoa Butter, is the fat obtained from the seeds of Theobroma cacao. It is the fat that is often used in chocolate. Sodium Cocoa Butterate is the sodium salt of the fatty acids obtained from Cocoa Butter.]

Ricinus Communis (Castor) Seed Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Ricinus communis, the castor bean or castor oil plant, is a species of perennial flowering plant in the spurge family, Euphorbiaceae. It is the sole species in the monotypic genus, Ricinus, and subtribe, Riciniinae.]

Rosin: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Rosin, also called colophony or Greek pitch, is a solid form of resin obtained from pines and some other plants, mostly conifers, produced by heating fresh liquid resin to vaporize the volatile liquid terpene components. It is semi-transparent and varies in color from yellow to black.]

Iron Oxide CI 77491: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 77491 that is added to cosmetics is synthetic red iron oxide pigment (natural red iron oxide being rust). The chemical formula of CI 77491 is Fe₂O₃. This ingredient is responsible for imparting reddish or pinkish tone to cosmetic and skin care products. The main usage of iron oxide CI 77491 is to improve the way a product looks and make it more appealing to the eyes. This ingredient works well with almost all the other ingredients and is a durable and an inexpensive pigment.]

Red 7 Lake CI 15850: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 15850 is a fluorescent-based dye and is known by multiple names such as Red 6. Red 6 lake, Red 7, Red 7 lake, or pigment red 57. It is used in a range of cosmetic products like foundations, lipsticks, and blushes.]

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Barium Sulfate CI 77120: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Barium Sulfate is listed as CI 77120 in the Cosmetics Directive of the European Union and may be used as a coloring agent in all cosmetics and personal care products]

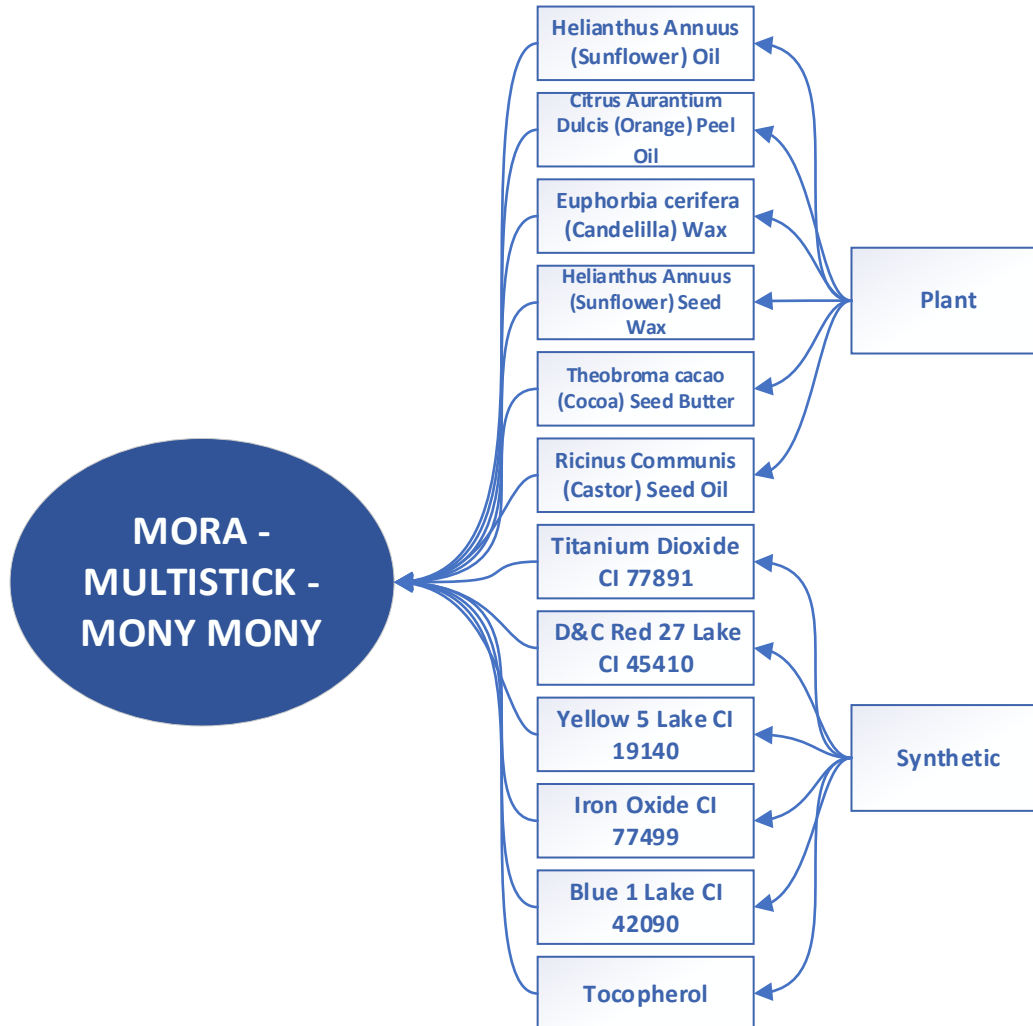
Blue 1 Lake CI 42090: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 42090 is a synthetic compound that gives a brilliant blue color to products like shampoos, hair colors, and soaps. It is basically a colorant that is widely prevalent in the cosmetic industry. It is also known by other names such as Blue 1 CI 42090 or CI 42090 Blue 1.]

Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - MONY MONY



MORA - MULTISTICK - MONY MONY

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

Ingredient Status

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Titanium Dioxide CI 77891: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Titanium dioxide, also known as titanium(IV) oxide or titania, is the inorganic compound with the chemical formula TiO₂. When used as a pigment, it is called titanium white, Pigment White 6, or CI 77891. It is a white solid that is insoluble in water, although mineral forms can appear black.]

Iron Oxide CI 77499: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 77499 is a black iron oxide containing iron and oxygen and is used in cosmetics as a coloring agent. It is naturally available from the mineral magnetite however, for use in cosmetics, it is synthetically made to filter out any impurities. In general, iron oxides are long-lasting, once they are applied, they usually don't need to be reapplied.]

D&C Red 27 Lake CI 45410: – **Halal** (Aslan) [A cosmetic colorant used as a reddish pigment. Some version of it is a pH-sensitive dye that enables a colorless lip balm to turn red/pink upon application.]

Yellow 5 Lake CI 19140: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tartrazine is a synthetic lemon-yellow azo dye primarily used as a food coloring. It is also known as E number E102, C.I. 19140, FD&C Yellow 5, Yellow 5 Lake, Acid Yellow 23, Food Yellow 4, and trisodium 1--4--5-pyrazolone-3-carboxylate.]

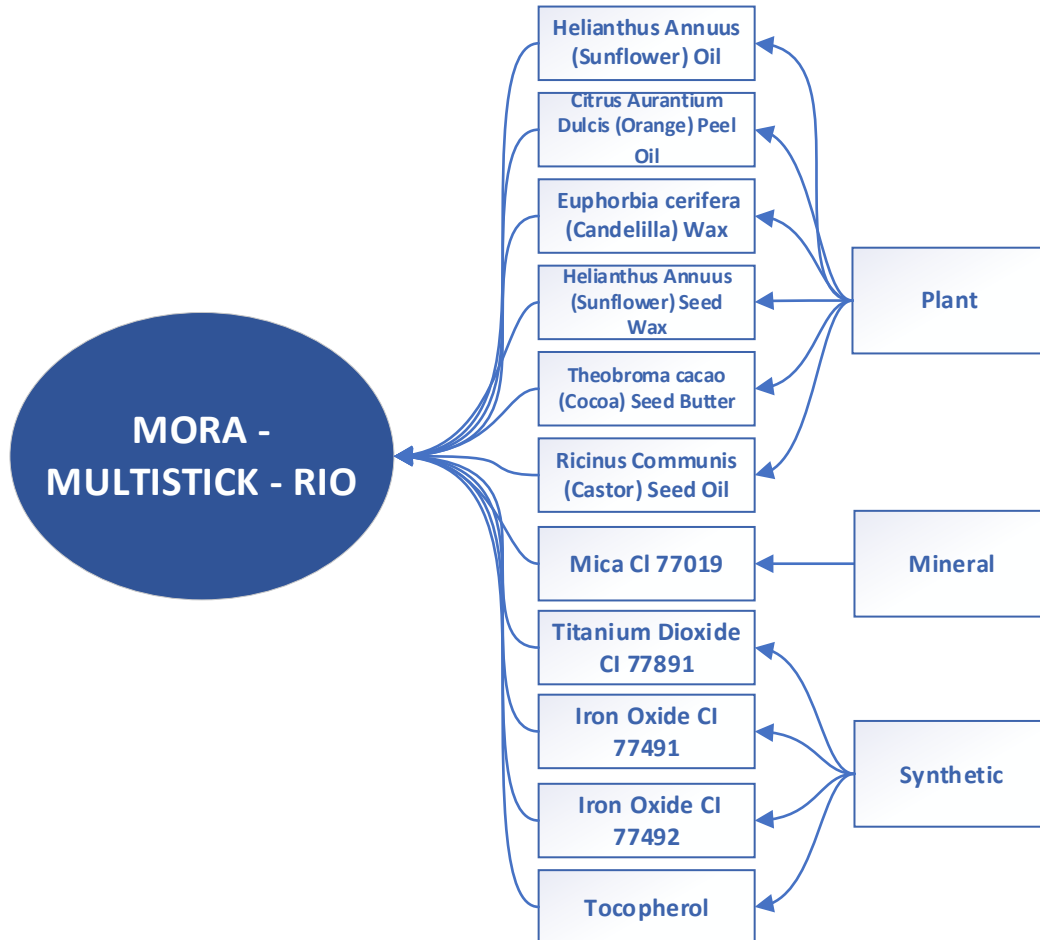
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Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - RIO



MORA - MULTISTICK – RIO

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

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Mica CI 77019: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Mica (CI 77019) is a mineral that occurs naturally and is widely used to add sparkle and shimmer to cosmetic products. It is also sometimes used in skincare products to add a highlighting effect. Eyeshadows, bronzers, or highlighters with a shimmery appearance, almost always have Mica in it.]

Iron Oxide CI 77492: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 77492 is a dye of mineral origin also called Iron Oxide. It gives products their yellow color. It is often mixed with other iron oxides like

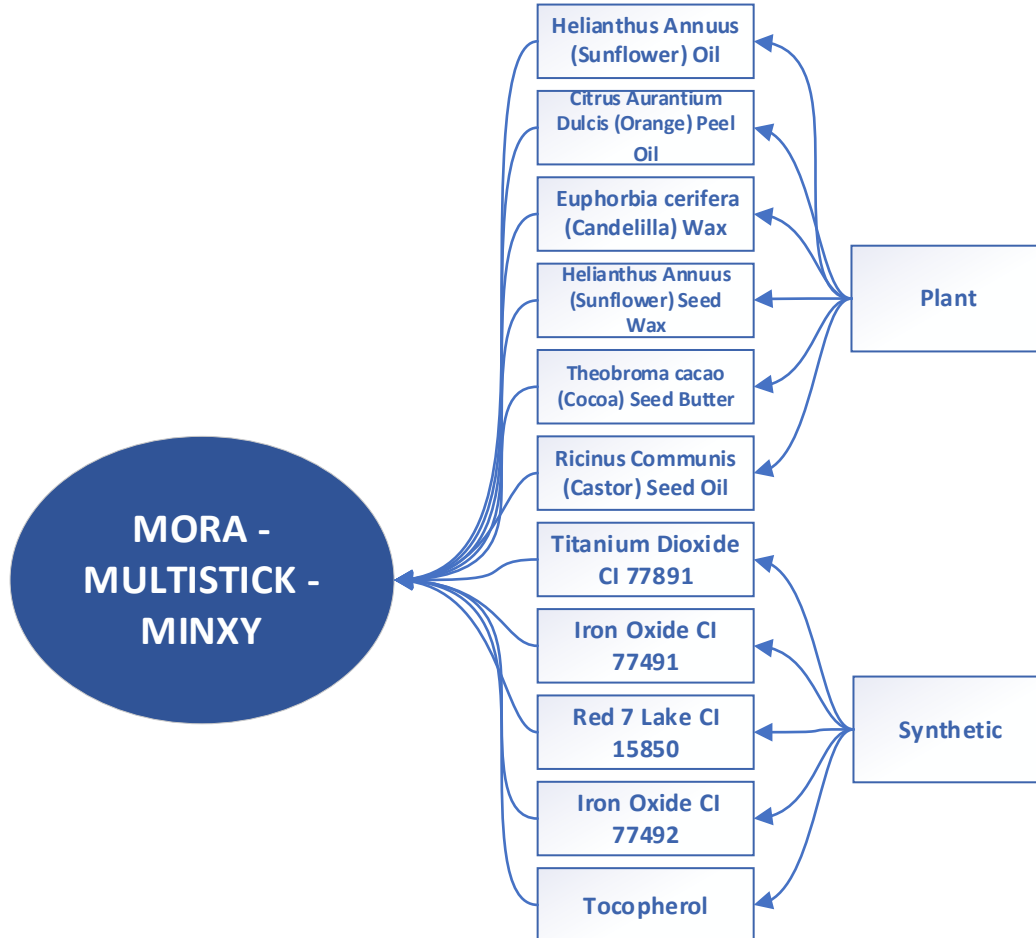
CI 77491 (red) and CI 77499 (black) to represent different hues. It is authorized in organic. α -Fe₂O₃·H₂O.]

Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - MINXY



MORA - MULTISTICK – MINXY

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

Ingredient Status

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Red 7 Lake CI 15850: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 15850 is a fluorescent-based dye and is known by multiple names such as Red 6. Red 6 lake, Red 7, Red 7 lake, or pigment red 57. It is used in a range of cosmetic products like foundations, lipsticks, and blushes. Red 6 ingredient generally has aluminum in it and serves the purpose of providing its orangish, reddish, or brownish pigment to cosmetic products. The chemical formula of CI 15850 is $C_{18}H_{12}N_2Na_2O_6S$.]

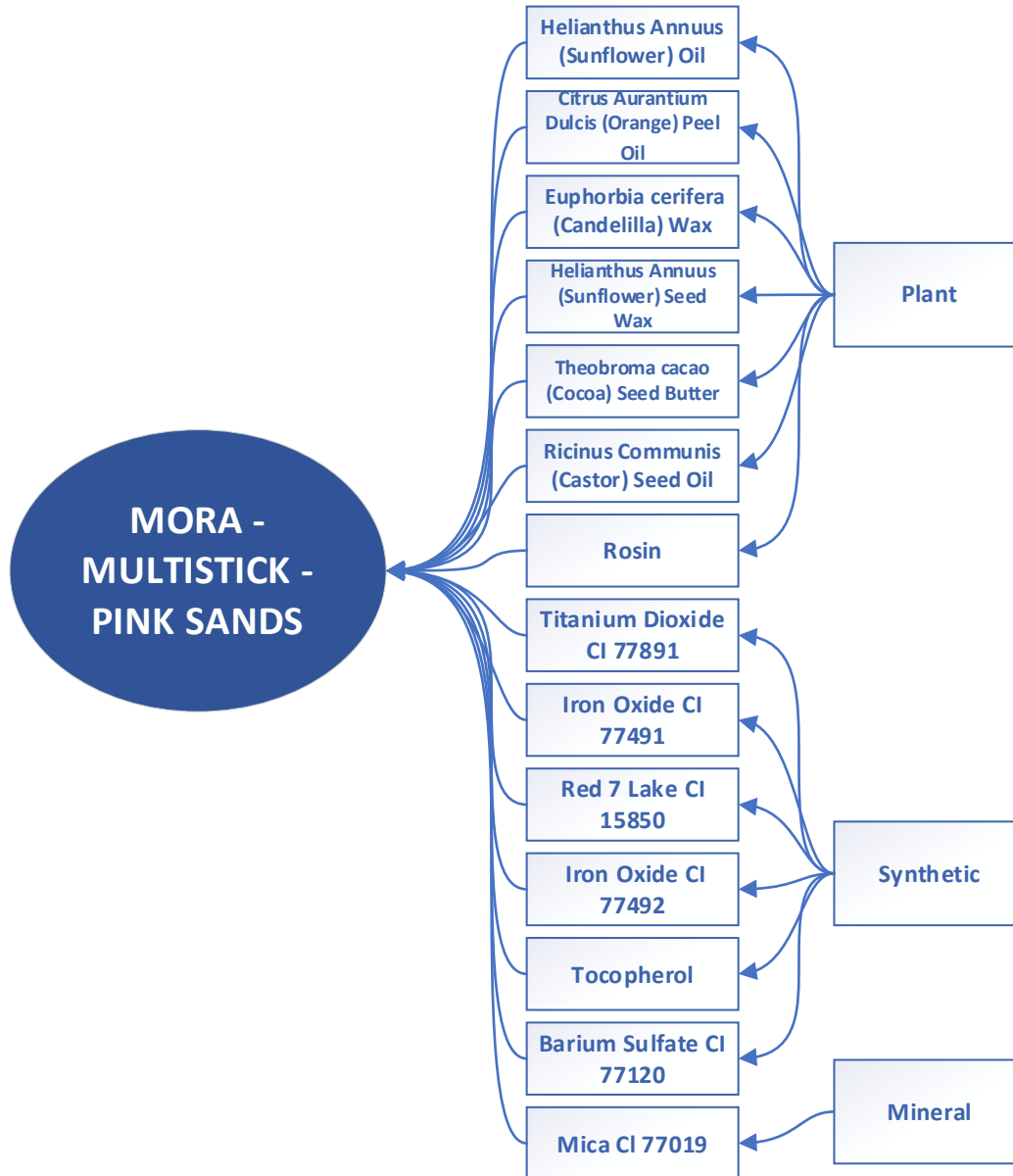
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Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - PINK SANDS



MORA - MULTISTICK - PINK SANDS

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

Ingredient Status

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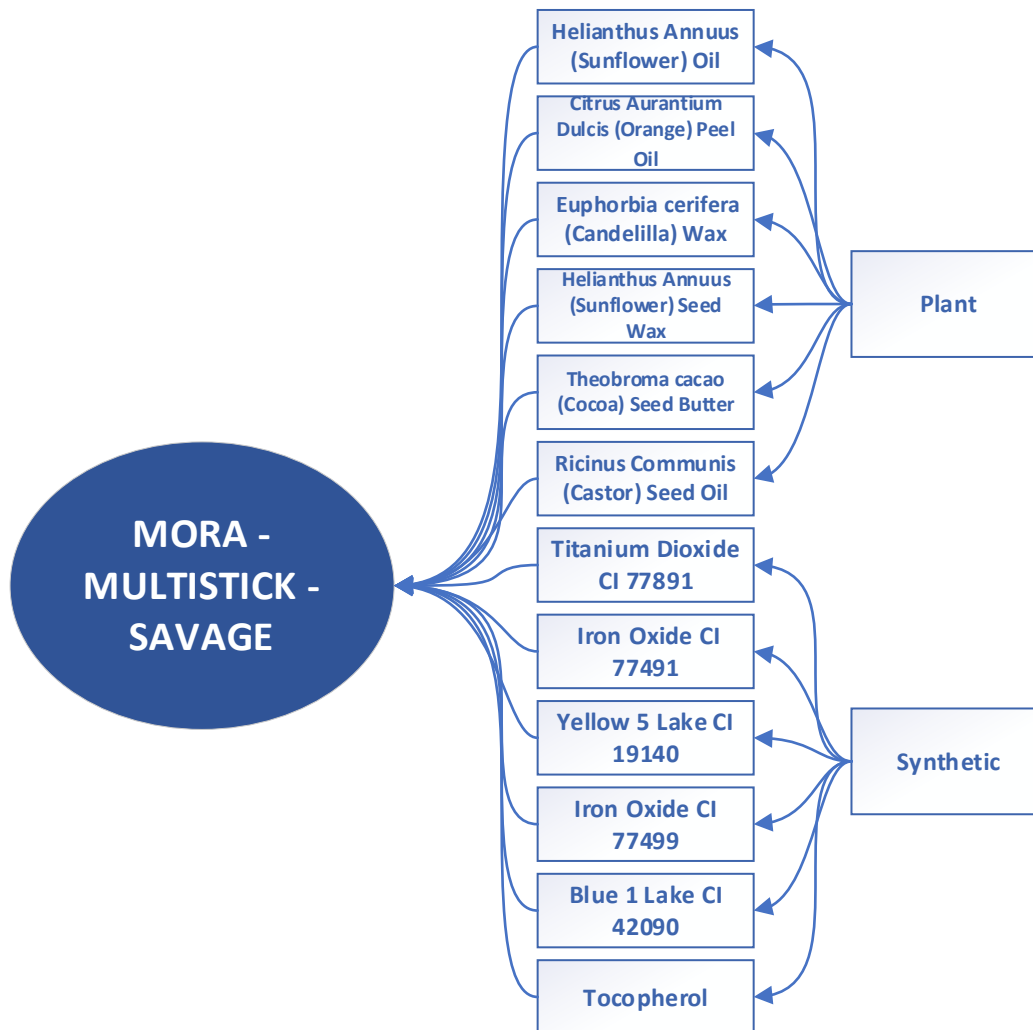
Mica CI 77019: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Mica (CI 77019) is a mineral that occurs naturally and is widely used to add sparkle and shimmer to cosmetic products. It is also sometimes used in skincare products to add a highlighting effect. Eyeshadows, bronzers, or highlighters with a shimmery appearance, almost always have Mica in it.]

Barium Sulfate CI 77120: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Barium Sulfate is listed as CI 77120 in the Cosmetics Directive of the European Union and may be used as a coloring agent in all cosmetics and personal care products]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - SAVAGE



MORA - MULTISTICK – SAVAGE

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

Ingredient Status

Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Sunflower oil is the non-volatile oil pressed from the seeds of the sunflower (Helianthus annuus). Sunflower oil is commonly used in food as a frying oil, and in cosmetic formulations as an emollient.]

Citrus Aurantium Dulcis (Orange) Peel Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Orange peel oil is an amber-coloured essential oil derived from the peel of the orange (Citrus x aurantium).]

Euphorbia cerifera (Candelilla) Wax: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Candelilla wax is a wax derived from the leaves of the small Candelilla shrub native to northern Mexico and the southwestern United States, Euphorbia antisiphilitica, from the family Euphorbiaceae. It is yellowish-brown, hard, brittle, aromatic, and opaque to translucent.]

Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Seed Wax: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Sunflower wax is obtained from the winterization process of sunflower oil. Sunflower wax consists mainly of esters of fatty acids with fatty alcohols and produce a wax with a melting point between 74 and 80°C. The wax has a high oil binding capacity which make it a popular component of cosmetic sticks. In cosmetic creams and lotions sunflower wax provides a non-sticky skin feel and because of the polarity and oil binding properties of the esters, it stabilises water-in-oil emulsions.]

Theobroma Cacao (Cocoa) Seed Butter: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Theobroma Cacao (Cocoa) Seed Butter, also called Cocoa Butter, is the fat obtained from the seeds of Theobroma cacao. It is the fat that is often used in chocolate. Sodium Cocoa Butterate is the sodium salt of the fatty acids obtained from Cocoa Butter.]

Ricinus Communis (Castor) Seed Oil: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Ricinus communis, the castor bean or castor oil plant, is a species of perennial flowering plant in the spurge family, Euphorbiaceae. It is the sole species in the monotypic genus, Ricinus, and subtribe, Riciniinae.]

Rosin: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Rosin, also called colophony or Greek pitch, is a solid form of resin obtained from pines and some other plants, mostly conifers, produced by heating fresh liquid resin to vaporize the volatile liquid terpene components. It is semi-transparent and varies in color from yellow to black.]

Titanium Dioxide CI 77891: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Titanium dioxide, also known as titanium(IV) oxide or titania, is the inorganic compound with the chemical formula TiO_2 . When used as a pigment, it is called titanium white, Pigment White 6, or CI 77891. It is a white solid that is insoluble in water, although mineral forms can appear black.]

Iron Oxide CI 77491: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 77491 that is added to cosmetics is synthetic red iron oxide pigment (natural red iron oxide being rust). The chemical formula of CI 77491 is Fe_2O_3 . This ingredient is responsible for imparting reddish or pinkish

tone to cosmetic and skin care products. The main usage of iron oxide CI 77491 is to improve the way a product looks and make it more appealing to the eyes. This ingredient works well with almost all the other ingredients and is a durable and an inexpensive pigment.]

Iron Oxide CI 77499: – Halal (Aslan) [CI 77499 is a black iron oxide containing iron and oxygen and is used in cosmetics as a coloring agent. It is naturally available from the mineral magnetite however, for use in cosmetics, it is synthetically made to filter out any impurities. In general, iron oxides are long-lasting, once they are applied, they usually don't need to be reapplied.]

Yellow 5 Lake CI 19140: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tartrazine is a synthetic lemon-yellow azo dye primarily used as a food coloring. It is also known as E number E102, C.I. 19140, FD&C Yellow 5, Yellow 5 Lake, Acid Yellow 23, Food Yellow 4, and trisodium 1--4--5-pyrazolone-3-carboxylate.]

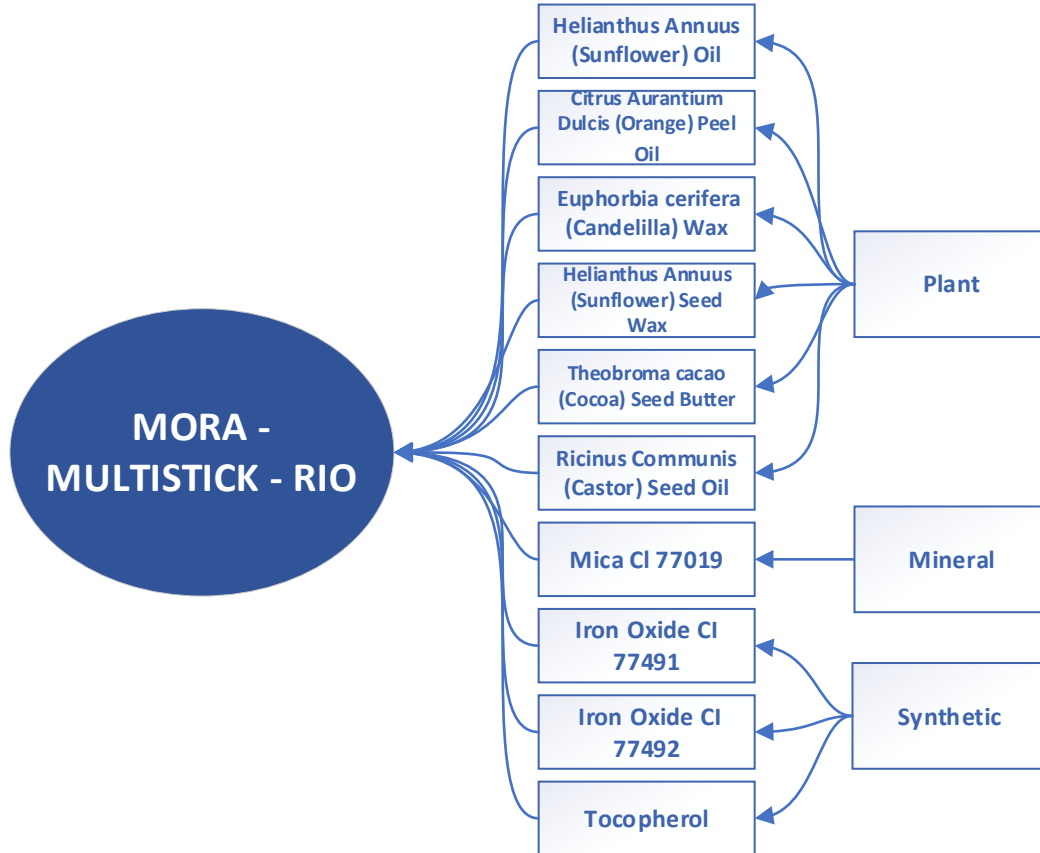
Blue 1 Lake CI 42090: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 42090 is a synthetic compound that gives a brilliant blue color to products like shampoos, hair colors, and soaps. It is basically a colorant that is widely prevalent in the cosmetic industry. It is also known by other names such as Blue 1 CI 42090 or CI 42090 Blue 1.]

Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PRODUCT PROFILE

MORA - MULTISTICK - RIO



MORA - MULTISTICK – RIO

Cosmetics tinted hot pour product.

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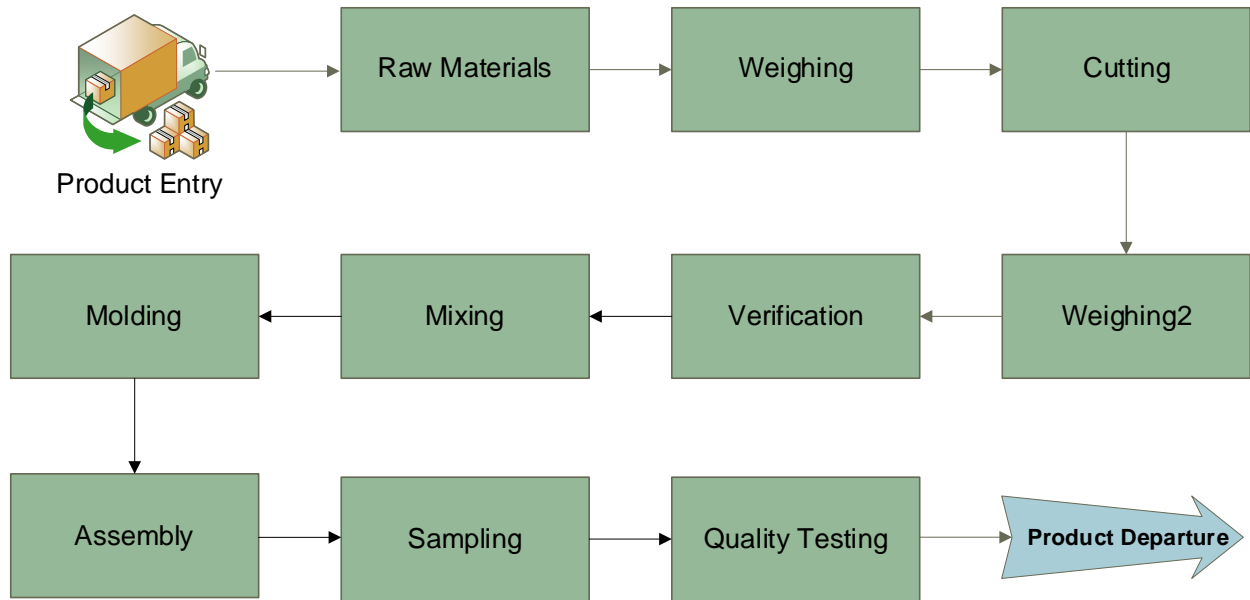
Mica CI 77019: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Mica (CI 77019) is a mineral that occurs naturally and is widely used to add sparkle and shimmer to cosmetic products. It is also sometimes used in skincare products to add a highlighting effect. Eyeshadows, bronzers, or highlighters with a shimmery appearance, almost always have Mica in it.]

Iron Oxide CI 77492: – **Halal** (Aslan) [CI 77492 is a dye of mineral origin also called Iron Oxide. It gives products their yellow color. It is often mixed with other iron oxides like CI 77491 (red) and CI 77499 (black) to represent different hues. It is authorized in organic. $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$.]

Tocopherol: – **Halal** (Aslan) [Tocopherols are a class of organic compounds comprising various methylated phenols, many of which have vitamin E activity.]

Concerns – None.

PROCESSING OVERVIEW



CLEANING METHOD

Description:

Lipstick - Kettle, prop, prop shaft / mounts and mixer. Tool (spatula, thermometer)

Wipe all residual with sponge wiper sheet

1. Clean with sponge wiper coated with RM-1306 (mineral oil)for surface product residual. Repeat until visibly clean.

2. Dry clean with new wiper until visibly clean.

Sanitize by wiping with a new disposable one-time-use- sponge sheet wet with RM-0914 (IPA 70%).

Lipstick - Molding Machine

1. Wipe all residual with sponge wiper sheet

2. Disassemble and wipe all surface with sponge wiper

Spray with RM-0914 (70% IPA). Wipe exposed surfaces with clean disposable one-time-use only sponge.

Sanitize by wiping with a new disposable one-time-use- sponge sheet wet with RM-0914 (IPA 70%).

Assembly line – conveyor, work station

Wipe all residual with sponge wiper sheet

1. Clean with sponge soaked with RM-0914 (IPA 70%). Clean all surface and crevices of machine and molds. Repeat until visibly clean.

Sanitize by wiping with a new disposable one-time-use- sponge sheet wet with RM-0914 (IPA 70%).

Frequency: After & Before every production.

PRODUCT & SUPPLIER ASSESSMENT

Omya

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Iron Oxide CI 77491	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Iron Oxide CI 77492	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Iron Oxide CI 77499	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Red 6 Lake CI 15850	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Blue 1 Lake CI 42090	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Barium Sulfate CI 77120	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
D&C Red 27 Lake CI 45410	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Yellow 5 Lake CI 19140	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Rosin	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant

Jedwards International, Inc.

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Oil	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant
Tocopherol	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic

Strahl & Pitsch

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Euphorbia cerifera (Candelilla) Wax	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant

Brenntag

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Helianthus Annuus (Sunflower) Seed Wax	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant
Titanium Dioxide CI 77891	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic

AAK

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Theobroma cacao (Cocoa) Seed Butter	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant

Ravago Chemicals

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Ricinus Communis (Castor) Seed Oil	N/A	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant

Sentient

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Red 7 Lake CI 15850	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic

Making Cosmetics

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Citrus Aurantium Dulcis (Orange) Peel Oil	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant
Iron Oxide CI 77491	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic
Mica CI 77019	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Mineral
Titanium Dioxide CI 77891	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Synthetic

EMD Performance Materials Corp.

Raw Material	Statement/Certificate	Pass/Fail	Status Recommendation	Ingredient Source
Iron Oxide CI 77491	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Plant
Mica CI 77019	Yes	Pass	Halal Aslan	Mineral

TESTING METHOD

The following tests are performed for the production facility: None.

DOCUMENTATION

Category	Results
Legal Business Documents	PASS
Proof Of Purchase	PASS
Pest Control	PASS
Water Report	PASS
Traceability Plan	PASS
Flowchart of Processing	PASS
SSOP (Standard Sanitation Operating Procedure)	PASS
Recall Plan	PASS

CONCLUSION

Client was cooperative and compliant with all relevant documentation requests. All documentation has been analysed during this review. Mora Cosmetics's product/s are deemed to be Halal compliant and suitable.

Based upon this information, the review team hereby recommends Halal certification for all products mentioned in this report.

My signature below is a testimony that the information provided herein is factual to the best of my knowledge.

REVIEW AGENT:



Tameem Allie

Technical Review Analyst

APPROVED BY:



Sh. Darweesh Muhammad

**Certification Committee
Chair**

Date: Tuesday, 15 August 2023